

ENC28J60 Rev. B1 Silicon Errata

The ENC28J60 (Rev. B1) parts you have received conform functionally to the Device Data Sheet (DS39662), except for the anomalies described below. Any data sheet clarification issues related to this device will be reported in a separate data sheet errata. Please check the Microchip web site for any existing issues.

All of the issues listed here will be addressed in future revisions of the ENC28J60 silicon.

The following silicon errata apply only to ENC28J60 devices with the following revision identifier:

Part Number	Device Revision (EREVID)
ENC28J60	0000 0010

EREVID is located at address 0312h in the device's memory register space.

1. Module: MAC Interface

When the SPI clock from the host microcontroller is run at frequencies of less than 8 MHz, reading or writing to the MAC registers may be unreliable.

Work around

Run SPI at frequencies of at least 8 MHz, or use the same clock source for both ENC28J60 and the host controller for synchronization.

2. Module: Reset

After sending an SPI Reset command, the PHY clock is stopped but the ESTAT.CLKRDY bit is not cleared. Therefore, polling the CLKRDY bit will not work to detect if the PHY is ready.

Additionally, the hardware start-up time of 300 μ s may expire before the device is ready to operate.

Work around

After issuing the Reset command, wait for at least 1 ms in firmware for the device to be ready.

3. Module: Core (Operating Specifications)

The device data sheet specifies that industrial operating temperature range (-40°C to +85°C) is supported. However, this silicon revision only supports the commercial temperature range (0°C to 70°C).

Work around

None at this time.

4. Module: Oscillator (CLKOUT Pin)

No output is available on CLKOUT during Power Save mode (ECON2.PWRSV = 0).

Work around

If the host controller uses the CLKOUT signal as the system clock, do not enable Power Save mode.

5. Module: Memory (Ethernet Buffer)

When the Start Pointer for the Ethernet receive buffer (ERXST) is written to, the Receive Write Pointer (ERXWRPT) is not updated reliably.

Work around

Use the lower segment of the buffer memory for the receive buffer, starting at address 0000h. For example, use the range (0000h to n) for the receive buffer, and ((n + 1) – 8191) for the transmit buffer.

6. Module: Interrupts

The EIR.PKTIF bit may not become set when a packet is pending.

Work around

Check the value of EPKTCNT to see if a packet is pending.

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Ethernet Conformance Issues

In testing the ENC28J60 device (Revision B1 silicon) for compliance with IEEE Standard 802.3, the following conformance issues have been noted. All of these will be addressed in future revisions of the ENC28J60 silicon.

1. Issue: TP_IDL Pattern

The observed TP_IDL pattern transmitted by ENC28J60 was observed to not stay within the standard defined template when using the TPM (Twisted Pair Model) and TP Test Load 2.

Reference: IEEE Std 802.3, §14.3.1.2.1, Figures 14-10 and 14-11

Potential Application Impact

The TP_IDL test requires a total of six separate sub tests, using three different test loads with and without TPM. The fact that the device consistently passed five of the six sub tests, while narrowly missing the sixth, leads to the conclusion that this is a minor issue. No failures have been observed due to this issue.

Work around

None.

2. Issue: Exiting Link Test Fail State

The ENC28J60 was observed to improperly accept a frame with no preceding LTPs (Link Test Pulse). When a device is in the Link Test Fail state, it should exit this state when a valid packet is received, however, the first packet should not be accepted. The second and subsequent packets should be accepted while the device is in the Link Test Pass state.

Reference: IEEE Std 802.3, Figure 14-6

Potential Application Impact

Link Test Pulse is an integral part of every 10Base-T system. It is used to notify a link partner of the presence of a 10Base-T device. An absence of LTPs signifies that the Ethernet cable is not connected or a link partner is missing. Even when a cable is not connected, a 10Base-T device would continuously send out LTPs. This fact makes it unlikely that there will ever be a situation in which a device would be receiving valid Ethernet frames without already being in the Link Test Pass state.

In the unlikely event that this situation does occur, higher layer protocols would protect the system from accepting unwanted data. It is unlikely that this failure will have significant impact on a networked application. No failures have been observed due to this issue.

Work around

None.

3. Issue: Collision Handling

The delay from the collision event to collision enforcement with the jam pattern is approximately 50 BT (bit times), which is greater than the specified limit of 36 BT.

Reference: IEEE Std 802.3, Annex B, § B.1.2

Potential Application Impact

A collision in a half-duplex 10Base-T is not an unexpected event. It exists as a normal part of the network operation. The purpose of the jam pattern is to ensure that the duration of the collision is sufficient to be noticed by the other transmitting station(s) involved in the collision. A longer delay between the collision event and the start of jam pattern would cause the duration of the collision to be longer.

After each collision, both transmitting stations would back off and wait a random amount of time before attempting to transmit again. The minimum Idle time between each Ethernet frame is 9.6 μ s. The longer collision duration of 14 BT, or 1.4 μ s, can be considered as a small fraction of time wasted for each collision. It is unlikely that this issue will have significant impact on networked applications. No failures have been observed due to this issue.

Work around

None.

REVISION HISTORY

Rev A Document (12/2005)

Original revision. Silicon errata issues 1 (MAC Interface), 2 (Reset), 3 (Core), 4 (Oscillator), 5 (Memory) and 6 (Interrupts), and Ethernet Conformance issues 1 (TP_IDL Pattern), 2 (Exiting Link Test Fail State) and 3 (Collision Handling).

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